

ALL THE LATEST NEWS OF THE BUSINESS WORLD.

PLATT REVISES
VIEW OF STRIKE

New York Senator Refuses to Reiterate Statement that End Is Near.

POLITICAL LEADERS FAIL

Unable to Force Operators Into Line—Platt Practically Admits Defeat, and Quay Goes to Mountains.

Senator Thomas C. Platt positively refused to-day to reiterate the opinion expressed by him a few days ago that the coal strike would be settled within two weeks.

"I DO NOT REITERATE ANYTHING," are Mr. Platt's own words.

Senator Platt was seen by an Evening World reporter after Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, had been quoted as having declared just before his departure for the Adirondacks that he and the New York Senator had discussed the strike situation. That report was taken to Senator Platt.

"The report is not true," said Senator Platt. "This is exactly what happened: I met Senator Quay coming out of the dining room of the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night. We passed the time of day. I was introduced to Senator Quay's son and daughter-in-law. Then we passed on. We did not exchange a word about the coal strike. I went to bed at 9.30 o'clock."

"It is reported, Senator," said the Evening World reporter, "that you are going to send some one to J. Pierpont Morgan and ask him to settle the trouble. Is that true?"

"No, sir," was the Senator's reply; "it is not true."

Don't understand it. "How do you understand the strike situation?"

"I don't understand it. I don't know anything about the strike."

"Will you reiterate your statement of a few days ago that the strike will be ended within a fortnight?"

"I do not reiterate anything," said Senator Platt, with emphasis.

"It is said, Senator, that the Republican leaders in New York and Pennsylvania are alarmed over the strike situation."

"I do not know anything about the political situation in Pennsylvania," was Mr. Platt's reply. "In New York we are not worrying."

"Are you going to do anything to end the strike?"

"NO, SIR; I'M NOT GOING TO DO ANYTHING. I DON'T KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT THE STRIKE."

Senator Quay reached the city last night. It was reported that he had come to discuss the strike situation with Senator Platt, but the New York Senator says they did not talk on that subject.

Senator Quay, with his son, R. R. Quay, and his daughter-in-law, left the Fifth Avenue Hotel early today and went by the 7.30 o'clock express to Lake Placid in the Adirondacks.

Senator Quay's departure caused many persons to believe that something had been done to settle the mine trouble.

MINE PRESIDENT GOES
ON A SECRET MISSION.

The reticent attitude of the coal presidents to-day led to the conclusion in Wall street that a probable compromise between the operators and the miners was pending.

President Thomas P. Fowler, of the Ontario and Western, who concluded yesterday a special tour of the anthracite regions and conferred with Presidents Truesdale and Underwood, left the city again, leaving word that he would not return until Monday.

Mr. Fowler's second trip is apparently more mysterious than the first. All inquiries as to his whereabouts were met by the answer that he had gone away on a short business trip.

At the offices of the Reading President Baer was reported to be in Philadelphia and not likely to come to New York until Tuesday.

President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, was at his offices, but said that he had nothing to say, and would make no statement to-day.

It is believed that President Fowler may have gone to Philadelphia to confer personally with President Baer.

William H. Huntington in M. and L. Directory. Mr. J. Huntington has succeeded the late W. H. Blackley in the directorate of the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway.

BAER CHANCES
FRONT IN LABOR

The President of the Reading Railroad, once the friend of labor, said to-day that nothing but a return of the miners to their work would end the coal strike.

IS NOW AGAINST THEM.

Delivers Ultimatum Declaring that Only Way to End the Strike Is for Men to Return to Work.

(Special to The Evening World.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 5.—George F. Baer, President of the Reading Railroad, once the friend of labor, said to-day that nothing but a return of the miners to their work would end the coal strike.

In 1872 the man who now stands out against a compromise with the strikers was famous as an advocate of the justice to employees. He made speeches denouncing the oppression of laborers by the managers of corporations. To-day he asserts the "divine right" of the corporations to do as they please.

Mr. Baer was seen by an Evening World correspondent at the Reading Terminal to-day.

"My statement covers the whole subject," he said. "The coal operators base their position on justice and personal liberty. They will never yield in this issue and nothing but a return of the miners to their work will bring this strike to an end."

"But, Mr. Baer, your statement made no mention of the divine right of the operators."

Calls it a "Trust" Now. "That was not necessary, though the holding of property is a great trust."

"Will an extra session of the Pennsylvania Legislature solve the present difficulty?"

"It may prevent further strikes, but it can bring no relief in this one."

"Can the operators afford to hold out all winter?"

There was no answer.

George F. Baer's idea of "divine right" may be hereditary. His great-grandfather came to America in 1745 from the Duchy of Zweibrücken. During the reformation period the Baers were active in the great religious movement, and their generation in their own country drove them finally across the seas to the land where an Englishman, William Penn, promised them every liberty.

Dr. Ursinus, the author of the Heidelberg Catechism, was a member of the Baer family. They brought their church with them to this country, and since have clung steadfastly to the tenets of the Dutch Reformed Church. George F. Baer is a trustee of their theological college, the Franklin and Marshall, at Lancaster, Pa., and is one of the pillars of the Reformed Church in Reading, his home.

Born in Somerset County, Pa., Sept. 25, 1852, Mr. Baer attended the common schools of Somerset. When only thirteen years old he went to the Somerset Democrat as an apprentice, where he remained three years, becoming an expert practical printer. In 1867, after having been employed for a year as chief clerk of the Ashlitt Mills, on miles from Johnstown, he entered the sophomore class of Franklin and Marshall College at Lancaster. After pursuing his collegiate studies about a year he and his brother Henry purchased the Somerset Democrat.

Was in Several Battles. Shortly afterward his brother enlisted in the army. He was left in sole charge of the paper, which he continued to edit until August, 1867, when at the age of twenty years, he raised a company of volunteers which was mustered into the service as Company E, One Hundred and Thirty-third Regiment. He served nine months with the rank of captain and participated in the battles of second Bull Run, Antietam, Chancellorsville and Fredericksburg. During part of his service he was acting adjutant general of the Second Brigade of Hampshire's Division.

Upon returning home he studied law with his brother, William J. Baer, later presiding judge of the Courts of Somerset County, and was admitted to the bar in 1864. He practiced in Somerset for four years, and in 1868 moved to Reading, where he was destined to become an influential reading's most eminent citizen. At least such was the title conferred on him at a banquet given in his honor on Dec. 4, 1890, by 125 prominent residents of that city.

Mr. Baer's first big case came during the first year, when he earned \$5,000 by winning a heavy judgment suit involving a large block of suburban property. With that \$5,000 fee Mr. Baer was more pleased than he would be now with one hundred times its size. It made a name for him, and business came pouring into his law office.

Was Labor's Friend Once. In 1872 he first became identified with the great railroad system that he was later to control. Previously he had been an ardent advocate of labor's rights, making several speeches on the oppression of the working people by corporations. But when the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad named him its resident solicitor all that was changed.

MINERS GOING BACK.

Prospect that West Virginia Strike Will Soon Be Off.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 5.—The

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

Prospect that the West Virginia strike will soon be off.

STREET FEARS
RICHIE MONEY.

Jump in Call Rates Causes a Check in Speculation and Conservative Attitude.

M. P. CARRIED UP TO 120.

Pool of Younger Members of Gould-Vanderbilt-Rockefeller Families in the Stock-Market Steady.

(Special to The Evening World.)

After a firm and lively opening to-day speculative sentiment seemed to change, and the greater part of the day liquidation kept the general list depressed.

The rapid jump in call money from 6 to 10 per cent, with a general range from 7 per cent to 8 per cent, on the regular weekly shifting of loans, was striking enough to frighten timid speculators.

Apprehensions of a money squeeze, although not encouraged by the banks, were strongly enough developed to call a halt on the indiscriminate buying of the last few days.

Although it was known that to-morrow's bank statement ought to show many encouraging changes in the loan account and surplus reserve, because the trust companies have done most of the call loan trading during the week, the statement is too uncertain to place much reliance in it.

Steady Gain of Money to West. The Sub-Treasury's large gains from the banks since the holiday—approximately \$5,000,000—shows in a measure steady is the grain of the crop money movement, which, while not yet a serious matter, is a constant possibility of menace.

St. Paul led the railway list in activity and the volume of its trading. Its initial price recorded a gain of over 1 per cent, from last night's close, and it rose over two points higher.

This movement was based on the story that an increase in the dividend rate upon the common stock had been virtually decided upon and would be announced next week.

Sent M. P. Up to 120. Under the impetus given the stock by the pool composed of the younger members of the Gould-Vanderbilt-Rockefeller families Missouri Pacific recovered fully its losses of the last few days, passed its high record of 101-1/2, crossed 120 and was eagerly sought at that.

All the subsidiary issues of the Goulds, Southwestern lines and the Vanderbilt growing conviction that the Government cotton report was in error as to the actual condition of the cotton crop.

Morgan's Grip on Reading. The trading issues were held in check and declines were sustained by the practical confirmation of the story that the Pennsylvania-Morgan control is now absolute.

The apparently well-sustained bit of the Goulds' recently will continue to be a steady gain of money to West. The Sub-Treasury's large gains from the banks since the holiday—approximately \$5,000,000—shows in a measure steady is the grain of the crop money movement, which, while not yet a serious matter, is a constant possibility of menace.

St. Paul led the railway list in activity and the volume of its trading. Its initial price recorded a gain of over 1 per cent, from last night's close, and it rose over two points higher.

This movement was based on the story that an increase in the dividend rate upon the common stock had been virtually decided upon and would be announced next week.

Sent M. P. Up to 120. Under the impetus given the stock by the pool composed of the younger members of the Gould-Vanderbilt-Rockefeller families Missouri Pacific recovered fully its losses of the last few days, passed its high record of 101-1/2, crossed 120 and was eagerly sought at that.

All the subsidiary issues of the Goulds, Southwestern lines and the Vanderbilt growing conviction that the Government cotton report was in error as to the actual condition of the cotton crop.

Morgan's Grip on Reading. The trading issues were held in check and declines were sustained by the practical confirmation of the story that the Pennsylvania-Morgan control is now absolute.

The apparently well-sustained bit of the Goulds' recently will continue to be a steady gain of money to West. The Sub-Treasury's large gains from the banks since the holiday—approximately \$5,000,000—shows in a measure steady is the grain of the crop money movement, which, while not yet a serious matter, is a constant possibility of menace.

St. Paul led the railway list in activity and the volume of its trading. Its initial price recorded a gain of over 1 per cent, from last night's close, and it rose over two points higher.

This movement was based on the story that an increase in the dividend rate upon the common stock had been virtually decided upon and would be announced next week.

Sent M. P. Up to 120. Under the impetus given the stock by the pool composed of the younger members of the Gould-Vanderbilt-Rockefeller families Missouri Pacific recovered fully its losses of the last few days, passed its high record of 101-1/2, crossed 120 and was eagerly sought at that.

All the subsidiary issues of the Goulds, Southwestern lines and the Vanderbilt growing conviction that the Government cotton report was in error as to the actual condition of the cotton crop.

Morgan's Grip on Reading. The trading issues were held in check and declines were sustained by the practical confirmation of the story that the Pennsylvania-Morgan control is now absolute.

The apparently well-sustained bit of the Goulds' recently will continue to be a steady gain of money to West. The Sub-Treasury's large gains from the banks since the holiday—approximately \$5,000,000—shows in a measure steady is the grain of the crop money movement, which, while not yet a serious matter, is a constant possibility of menace.

St. Paul led the railway list in activity and the volume of its trading. Its initial price recorded a gain of over 1 per cent, from last night's close, and it rose over two points higher.

This movement was based on the story that an increase in the dividend rate upon the common stock had been virtually decided upon and would be announced next week.

Sent M. P. Up to 120. Under the impetus given the stock by the pool composed of the younger members of the Gould-Vanderbilt-Rockefeller families Missouri Pacific recovered fully its losses of the last few days, passed its high record of 101-1/2, crossed 120 and was eagerly sought at that.

All the subsidiary issues of the Goulds, Southwestern lines and the Vanderbilt growing conviction that the Government cotton report was in error as to the actual condition of the cotton crop.

GOSSIP IN AND ABOUT WALL STREET. STEEL TRUST ASKS
A FURTHER INQUIRY.

Youngsters Win a Million. Younger sons of the houses of Gould, Rockefeller and Vanderbilt are credited with a stock-market turn of great brio. The story as told in the street is that Frank C. de John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt saw an opportunity for a quick coup in Missouri Pacific, which they executed with neatness and despatch. It was announced Tuesday that the long-time pool in Missouri Pacific had finally liquidated and would no longer support the stock. It was at once sold heavily short, for every one expected it to go down. This was the opportunity the young speculators were waiting for. They put their millions back of the stock and forced it up nearly 3 points. They frightened the shorts into a panic, "scorched" the old-timers and made about \$1,000,000 profit.

MONEY STRINGENCY UNLIKELY.

Prognostications of panics in the money market and stringency in the call and time money rates are encouraged by yesterday's sudden jump to 7-1/2 per cent, even though it was only a temporary spurt and was quickly back to 6 per cent. Now they are confronted with the Government statement showing that the stock of money in the United States on Sept. 1 was \$2,579,006,213, which is an increase of \$7,446,684 over last year. This is decidedly against any lasting stringency in money rates and upsets many predictions heretofore confidently made.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw is pleased with the New York banks. They have promised to take on \$500,000 additional circulation at once. Later, they will take \$5,000,000 more.

Why Morgan Holds Off. J. Pierpont Morgan's reluctance to take a positive position toward ending the coal strike is said by Wall street men to be due largely to the obstinate stand of Presidents Baer and Truesdale, of the Reading and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. They are expert heads of two of the largest and most important coal operating lines. The stand they have taken has embarrassed Mr. Morgan, because it is probable they would retire from their official positions before they would publicly recede. Coal road presidents are not a drug on the market, and if Mr. Morgan should press the matter too hard he might have to get new presidents. That is Wall street's explanation.

President Smith Before State Railroad Commissioners. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 5.—The investigation of the alleged merger of the Southern and the Louisville and Nashville Railways, which was begun the first of this week by the Kentucky Railroad Commission, was continued to-day. President Smith of the Louisville and Nashville was called upon to give his explanation.

He occupied the entire morning session and a greater portion of the afternoon, but the members of the commission refused to give out any statement regarding the nature of the evidence.

At 2 o'clock, President Smith, Louisville, and a director of the Louisville and Nashville was also summoned before the Commission this afternoon.

The wheat market to-day opened moderately active, with fractional advances. Corn led the market and gained strength on bullish news from the northern section of the belt. The weather map showed no frosts this morning in the Western States. The wheat trade was on a small scale, but prices advanced materially with strength in corn and wheat.

New York's opening prices were: Wheat—May, 75-1/2 to 75-3/4; September, 75-3/4 to 75-1/2; December, 75-1/2 to 75-3/4. Corn—May, 35-5/8 to 35-3/4; September, 35-3/4 to 35-1/2; December, 35-1/2 to 35-3/4.

Chicago's opening prices were: Wheat—September, 75-1/2 to 75-3/4; December, 75-3/4 to 75-1/2; January, 75-1/2 to 75-3/4. Corn—May, 35-5/8 to 35-3/4; September, 35-3/4 to 35-1/2; December, 35-1/2 to 35-3/4.

The cotton market to-day opened firm to-day, with prices 2 points lower to 4 points higher. English cables were higher than expected, and this, with a strong A.W.I. street support, caused a decided bullish sentiment in the early trading which sent prices up. Short covering and trading was very active. Commission houses took profits on further rain reports and a better tenor to the crop reports.

The opening futures were: September, 8.51 to 8.52; October, 8.54 to 8.55; November, 8.56 to 8.57; December, 8.58 to 8.59; January, 8.60 to 8.61; February, 8.62 to 8.63; March, 8.64 to 8.65; April, 8.66 to 8.67; May, 8.68 to 8.69.

Shipping News. PORT OF NEW YORK. ARRIVED. Island, Liverpool, Copeland, Tampa, Port au Prince.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS. Sailed to-day. Island, Liverpool, Copeland, Tampa, Port au Prince.

Prices Heavier on the Bourse. BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Prices were heavier on the Bourse to-day. Locals and international were the subject of realizations. Argentine reacted, except those of 1897. Spanish 4's were strong.

To Make Photograph Cardboard. BOSTON, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The Union Bag and Paper Company to-day sold the Empire and Expositor Paper Mills at Rock City, Pa., to Brown Bros., of Conestoga's Bridge, Conn., and Atterbury Bros., of New York, who will manage the plant. The plant is owned by the name of the E. M. Brown Paper Company.

THE Q. O. TIONS. High Low Close. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100.

Weakness in Outside Dealings on Realizing Sales. The outside market was only fairly active. It was weaker on realizing sales. Northern Securities sold at 116-1/2 and 116-3/4.

Quotations for the active stocks were: Bld. Asked. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100. 100 Am. Annu. Ins. Co. 100 100 100.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 5.—Closing—Wheat—Spot—No. 1 Northern spring, firm at 31-1/2; No. 2 red Western winter, quiet, 30-1/2; No. 3 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 4 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 5 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 6 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 7 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 8 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 9 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 10 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 11 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 12 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 13 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 14 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 15 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 16 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 17 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 18 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 19 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 20 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 21 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 22 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 23 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 24 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 25 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 26 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 27 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 28 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 29 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 30 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 31 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 32 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 33 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 34 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 35 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 36 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 37 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 38 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 39 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 40 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 41 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 42 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 43 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 44 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 45 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 46 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 47 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 48 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 49 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 50 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 51 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 52 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 53 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 54 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 55 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 56 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 57 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 58 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 59 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 60 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 61 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 62 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 63 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 64 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 65 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 66 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 67 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 68 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 69 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 70 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 71 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 72 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 73 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 74 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 75 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 76 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 77 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 78 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 79 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 80 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 81 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 82 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 83 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 84 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 85 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 86 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 87 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 88 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 89 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 90 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 91 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 92 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 93 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 94 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 95 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 96 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 97 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 98 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 99 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 100 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 101 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 102 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 103 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 104 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 105 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 106 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 107 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 108 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 109 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 110 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 111 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 112 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 113 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 114 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 115 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 116 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 117 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 118 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 119 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 120 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 121 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 122 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 123 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 124 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 125 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 126 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 127 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 128 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 129 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 130 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 131 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 132 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 133 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 134 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 135 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 136 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 137 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 138 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 139 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 140 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 141 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 142 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 143 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 144 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 145 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 146 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 147 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 148 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 149 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 150 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 151 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 152 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 153 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 154 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 155 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 156 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 157 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 158 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 159 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 160 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 161 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 162 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 163 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 164 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 165 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 166 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 167 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 168 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 169 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 170 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 171 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 172 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 173 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 174 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 175 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 176 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 177 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 178 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 179 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 180 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 181 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 182 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 183 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 184 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 185 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 186 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 187 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 188 California, steady, 30-1/2; No. 189 California, steady,